

# FRACTIONAL CALCULUS OPERATOR INVOLVING THE PRODUCT OF HYPERGEOMETRIC FUNCTIONS AND POLYNOMIALS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

By

**V.B.L. Chaurasia**

Department of Mathematics, University of Rajasthan, Jaipur-302004, India  
and

**Hari Singh Parihar**

Department of Mathematics

Poornima College of Engineering, Jaipur-302022, India

E;mail: harisingh.p@rediffmail.com, harisingh\_p@yahoo.co.in

(Received : December 15, 2005)

## ABSTRACT

In the present paper, we derive fractional integration of hypergeometric function and polynomials of several variables.

**2000 Mathematics Subject Classification :** Primary 33C99; Secondary 26A33.

**Keywords and Phrases :** Fractional integral formula, A general class of multivariable polynomials, Hypergeometric function of several variables.

**1. Introduction.** We shall define the fractional integrals and derivatives of a function  $f(x)$  [20] as follows :

Let  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  be complex numbers. The fractional integral ( $Re(\alpha) > 0$ ) and derivatives ( $Re(\alpha) < 0$ ) of a function  $f(x)$  defined on  $(0, \infty)$  is given by

$$I_{0,x}^{\alpha,\beta,\gamma} \{f(x)\} = \begin{cases} \frac{x^{-\alpha-\beta}}{\Gamma\alpha} \int_0^x (x-t)^{\alpha-1} F(\alpha+\beta-\gamma; \alpha; 1-t/x) f(t) dt & (Re(\alpha) > 0) \\ \frac{d^q}{dx^q} I_{0,x}^{\alpha+q,\beta-q,\gamma-q} f(x), & Re(\alpha) \leq 0, 0 < Re(\alpha)+q \leq 1, q = 1, 2, 3, \dots \end{cases}$$

where  $F$  is the Gauss hypergeometric function.

We can obtain several Fractional calculus operators by manipulation in the values of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ .

Also a general class of multivariable polynomials [18] defined as follows

$$S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r} [w_1, \dots, w_r] = \sum_{k_1, \dots, k_r}^{m_1 k_1 + \dots + m_r k_r \leq n} (-n)_{m_1 k_1 + \dots + m_r k_r} A(n; k_1, \dots, k_r) \frac{w_1^{k_1}}{k_1!} \dots \frac{w_r^{k_r}}{k_r!}$$

where  $m_1, \dots, m_r$  are arbitrary positive integers and the coefficients  $A(n; k_1, \dots, k_r)$

$(n; k_i \geq 0, i=1, \dots, r)$  are arbitrary constants, real or complex.

Chandel and Vishwakarma [5] have derived fractional derivatives of confluent forms of Karlsson's multiple hypergeometric function  ${}^{(k)}F_{CD}^{(n)}$  [21] while for special interest Chandel and Sharma [9] have also derived fractional derivatives for their hypergeometric functions of four variables ([7],[8]).

This paper is motivated by the earlier work of Srivastava and Goyal [13], Srivastava, Chandel and Vishwakarma [17] who derived a number of key formulas for fractional calculus operators of the multivariable  $H$ -function of Srivastava and Panda [15] and the generalized multiple hypergeometric function of Srivastava and Daoust [14]. The special cases of these results have also been discussed by these authors.

In the present paper, we derive the fractional integration of the product of hypergeometric functions of four variables ([7],[8]) and a general class of multivariable polynomials [18]. We derive some results using multiple hypergeometric functions  $F_A^{(n)}$ ,  $F_B^{(n)}$ ,  $F_C^{(n)}$  and  $F_D^{(n)}$  of Lauricella [10],  ${}_{(1)}E_D^{(n)}$ ,  ${}_{(2)}E_D^{(n)}$  of Exton ([11],[12]),  ${}_{(1)}E_C^{(n)}$  of Chandel [1], and intermediate Lauricella functions  ${}^{(k)}F_{AC}^{(n)}$ ,  ${}^{(k)}F_{BD}^{(n)}$ ,  ${}^{(k)}F_{AD}^{(n)}$  with their confluent forms  ${}_{(1)}\phi_{AC}^{(n)}$ ,  ${}_{(1)}\phi_{AD}^{(n)}$ ,  ${}_{(1)}\phi_{BD}^{(n)}$  due to Chandel and Gupta [2].

For the sake of brevity, we use here the following notations :

$$A(\phi) = \sum_{k_1, \dots, k_r=0}^{m_1 k_1 + \dots + m_r k_r, \leq n}$$

and

$$B(\theta) = A(n; k_1, \dots, k_r) (-n)_{m_1 k_1 + \dots + m_r k_r} \frac{y_1^{k_1}}{k_1!} \dots \frac{y_r^{k_r}}{k_r!}.$$

**2. Use of One Fractional Integral Operator.** Making an appeal to the formula ([19], p.16, Lemma 1) after a little simplification

$$I_x^{\eta, \nu} \{x^\lambda\} = \frac{\Gamma(\lambda + \eta)}{\Gamma(\lambda + \eta + \nu)} x^\lambda \quad \text{Re}(\lambda) > -\eta,$$

we derive the following fractional integrals involving the product of hypergeometric functions of several variables and a general class of polynomials of several variables.

$$(2.1) I_n^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{A_1}^4 (\mu + k_1 + k_2 + k_3, b, c, d; e, e', e'', z_1 x, z_2 x, z_3 x, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r} (y_1 x, y_2 x, y_3 x, y_4, \dots, y_r) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_2 + k_3)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_2 + k_3)} x^{k_1 + k_2 + k_3} B(\theta) H_{A_1}^4(\eta + k_1 + k_2 + k_3, b, c, d; e, e', e''; z_1 x, z_2 x, z_3 x, z_4 x)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_2 + k_3) > -\eta$$

$$(2.2) \quad I_n^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{A_1}^4(a, \mu + k_1 + k_4, c, d; e, e', e''; z_1 x, z_2 x, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_4)} x^{k_1 + k_4} B(\theta) H_{A_1}^4(a, \eta + k_1 + k_4, c, d; e, e', e''; z_1 x, z_2, z_3, z_4 x)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.3) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{A_1}^4(a, b, \mu + k_3 + k_4, d; e, e', e''; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3 x, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_3 + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_3 + k_4)} x^{k_3 + k_4} B(\theta) H_{A_1}^4(a, b, \eta + k_3 + k_4, d; e, e', e''; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4 x)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_3 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.4) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, \mu + k_2; e, e', e''; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2 x, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_2)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_2)} x^{k_2} B(\theta) H_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, \eta + k_2; e, e', e''; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_2) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.5) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, d, \eta + k_1 + k_3; e', e''; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2, y_3 x, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_3)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_3)} x^{k_1 + k_3} B(\theta) H_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, d; \mu + k_1 + k_3; e', e''; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_3) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.6) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \eta + k_2; e''; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2, y_3 x, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_2)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_2)} x^{k_2} B(\theta) H_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \mu + k_2; e''; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_2) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.7) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e, e', \eta + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) H_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e, e', \mu + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.8) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{B_1}^4(\mu + k_1 + k_2 + k_4; b, c, d; e_1, e_2, e_3, e_4; z_1 x, z_2 x, z_3, z_4 x) \right]$$

$$S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r} (y_1 x, y_2 x, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \Big| \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_2 + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_2 + k_4)} x^{k_1 + k_2 + k_4} B(\theta) H_{B_1}^4 (\eta + k_1 + k_2 + k_4; b, c, d; e_1, e_2, e_3, e_4; z_1 x, z_2 x, z_3, z_4 x), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_2 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.9) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{B_1}^4 (a, \mu + k_1 + k_3; c, d; e_1, e_2, e_3, e_4; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4) \right. \\ \left. S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r} (y_1 x, y_2, y_3 x, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_3)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_3)} x^{k_1 + k_3} B(\theta) H_{B_1}^4 (a, \eta + k_1 + k_3; c, d; e_1, e_2, e_3, e_4; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_3) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.10) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{B_1}^4 (a, b, \mu + k_3 + k_4; d; e_1, e_2, e_3, e_4; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4 x) \right. \\ \left. S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r} (y_1, y_2, y_3 x, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma \eta + k_3 + k_4}{\Gamma \mu + k_3 + k_4} x^{k_3 + k_4} B(\theta) H_{B_1}^4 (a, b, \eta + k_3 + k_4; d; e_1, e_2, e_3, e_4; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4 x), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_3 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.11) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{B_1}^4 (a, b, c, \mu + k_2; e_1, e_2, e_3, e_4; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r} (y_1, y_2 x, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_2)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_2)} x^{k_2} B(\theta) H_{B_1}^4 (a, b, c, \eta + k_2; e_1, e_2, e_3, e_4; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_2) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.12) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{B_1}^4 (a, b, c, d; \eta + k_1; e_2, e_3, e_4; z_1 x, z_2, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r} (y_1 x, y_2, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1)} x^{k_1} B(\theta) H_{B_1}^4 (a, b, c, d; \mu + k_1; e_2, e_3, e_4; z_1 x, z_2, z_3, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_1) > -\eta$$

$$(2.13) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{B_1}^4 (a, b, c, d; e_1, \eta + k_2, e_3, e_4; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r} (y_1, y_2 x, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_2)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_2)} x^{k_2} B(\theta) H_{B_1}^4 (a, b, c, d; \mu + k_2; e_3, e_4; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_2) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.14) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{B_1}^4 (a, b, c, d; e_1, e_2, \eta + k_3; e_4; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r} (y_1, y_2, y_3 x, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_3)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_3)} x^{k_3} B(\theta) H_{B_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e_1, e_2, \mu + k_3, e_4; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_3) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.15) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ H_{B_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e_1, e_2, e_3, \eta + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) H_{B_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e_1, e_2, e_3, \mu + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.16) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_1}^4(a, b, \mu + k_2, d; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2 x, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_2)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_2)} x^{k_2} B(\theta) G_{A_1}^4(a, b, \eta + k_2; d; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_2) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.17) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, \mu + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, \eta + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.18) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \eta + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{A_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \mu + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.19) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_2}^4(a, \mu + k_1 + k_3 + k_4, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2, y_3 x, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_3 + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_3 + k_4)} x^{k_1 + k_3 + k_4} B(\theta) G_{A_2}^4(a, \eta + k_1 + k_3 + k_4, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4 x), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_3 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.20) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_2}^4(a, b, \mu + k_2, d; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2 x, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_2)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_2)} x^{k_2} B(\theta) G_{A_2}^4(a, b, \eta + k_2, d; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_2) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.21) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_2}^4(a, b, c, \mu + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{A_2}^4(a, b, c, \eta + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.22) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_2}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \eta + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{A_2}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \mu + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.23) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_3}^4(a, \mu + k_1 + k_3 + k_4, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2, y_3 x, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_3 + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_3 + k_4)} x^{k_1 + k_3 + k_4} B(\theta) G_{A_3}^4(a, \eta + k_1 + k_3 + k_4, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4 x), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_3 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.24) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_3}^4(a, b, \mu + k_2 + k_4, d; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2 x, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_2 + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_2 + k_4)} x^{k_2 + k_4} B(\theta) G_{A_3}^4(a, b, \eta + k_2 + k_4, d; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4 x), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_2 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.25) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_3}^4(a, b, c, \mu + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{A_3}^4(a, b, c, \eta + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.26) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{A_3}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \eta + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{A_3}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \mu + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x),$$

$$(2.27) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_1}^4(a, \mu + k_1, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1)} x^{k_1} B(\theta) G_{B_1}^4(a, \eta + k_1, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3, z_4), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_1) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.28) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_1}^4(a, b_1, \mu + k_2, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2 x, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_2)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_2)} x^{k_2} B(\theta) G_{B_1}^4(a, b_1, \eta + k_2, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_2) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.29) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_1}^4(a, b_1, b_2, \mu + k_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3 x, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_3)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_3)} x^{k_3} B(\theta) G_{B_1}^4(a, b_1, b_2, \eta + k_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_3) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.30) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_1}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, \mu + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{B_1}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, \eta + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.31) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_1}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, \eta + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{B_1}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, \mu + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.32) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_2}^4(a, \mu + k_1 + k_4, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_4)} x^{k_1 + k_4} B(\theta) G_{B_2}^4(a, \eta + k_1 + k_4, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.33) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_2}^4(a, b_1, \mu + k_2, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2 x, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_2)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_2)} x^{k_2} B(\theta) G_{B_2}^4(a, b_1, \eta + k_2, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_2) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.34) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_2}^4(a, b_1, b_2, \mu + k_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3 x, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_3)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_3)} x^{k_3} B(\theta) G_{B_2}^4(a, b_1, b_2, \eta + k_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4), \operatorname{Re}(k_3) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.35) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_2}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, \mu + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4, y_5 x, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{B_2}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, \eta + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.36) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_2}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, \eta + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{B_2}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, \mu + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.37) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_3}^4(a, b_1, b_2, \mu + k_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3 x, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_3)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_3)} x^{k_3} B(\theta) G_{B_3}^4(a, b_1, b_2, \eta + k_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_3) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.38) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_3}^4(a, \mu + k_2 + k_4, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2 x, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_2 + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_2 + k_4)} x^{k_2 + k_4} B(\theta) G_{B_3}^4(a, \eta + k_2 + k_4, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2 x, z_3, z_4 x), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_2 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.39) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_3}^4(a, b_1, \mu + k_1, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1)} x^{k_1} B(\theta) G_{B_3}^4(a, b_1, \mu + k_1, b_3, b_4; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3, z_4), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_1) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.40) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_3}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, \mu + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{B_3}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, \eta + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.41) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{B_3}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, \eta + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3 x, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{B_3}^4(a, b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4; e, \mu + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.42) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{C_1}^4(\mu + k_1 + k_3 + k_4, b, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_3 + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_3 + k_4)} x^{k_1 + k_3 + k_4} B(\theta) G_{C_1}^4(\eta + k_1 + k_3 + k_4, b, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4 x) \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_3 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.43) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{C_1}^4(a, \mu + k_1 + k_2, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2 x, z_3, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2 x, y_3, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_2)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_2)} x^{k_1 + k_2} B(\theta) G_{C_1}^4(a, \eta + k_1 + k_2, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2 x, z_3, z_4), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_2) > -\eta.$$



$$(2.44) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{C_1}^4(a, b, c, \mu + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{C_1}^4(a, b, c, \eta + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.45) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{C_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \eta + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{C_1}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \mu + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.46) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{C_2}^4(\mu + k_1 + k_2 + k_4, b, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2 x, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2 x, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_2 + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_2 + k_4)} x^{k_1 + k_2 + k_4} B(\theta) G_{C_2}^4(\eta + k_1 + k_2 + k_4, b, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2 x, z_3, z_4 x), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_2 + k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.47) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{C_2}^4(a, \mu + k_1 + k_3, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2, y_3 x, y_4, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + k_3)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + k_3)} x^{k_1 + k_3} B(\theta) G_{C_2}^4(a, \eta + k_1 + k_3, c, d; e, e'; z_1 x, z_2, z_3 x, z_4), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_1 + k_3) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.48) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{C_2}^4(a, b, c, \mu + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{C_2}^4(a, b, c, \eta + k_4; e, e'; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.49) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ G_{C_2}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \eta + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 x, y_5, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_4)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_4)} x^{k_4} B(\theta) G_{C_2}^4(a, b, c, d; e, \mu + k_4; z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4 x), \quad \operatorname{Re}(k_4) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.50) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ F_A^{(n)}(\mu + k_1 + k_2 + \dots + k_r; b_1, \dots, b_n; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2 x, \dots, y_r) \right] \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) F_A^{(n)}(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r, b_1, \dots, b_n; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x), \\ \operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.51) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ F_B^{(n)}(a_1, \dots, a_n; b_1, \dots, b_n; \eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) F_B^{(n)}(a_1, \dots, a_n, b_1, \dots, b_n; \mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.52) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ F_C^{(n)}(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2 x, \dots, y_r x) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) F_C^{(n)}(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r, b; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.53) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ F_C^{(n)}(a, \mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2 x, \dots, y_r x) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) F_C^{(n)}(a, \eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.54) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ F_D^{(n)}(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b_1, \dots, b_n; c; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) F_D^{(n)}(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r, b_1, \dots, b_n; c; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.55) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ F_D^{(n)}(a, b_1, \dots, b_n; \eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, y_2 x, \dots, y_r x) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) F_D^{(n)}(a, b_1, \dots, b_n; \mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.56) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left[ \binom{k}{1} E_D^{(n)}(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n; c, c'; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right]$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) \binom{k}{1} E_D^{(n)}(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r, b_1, \dots, b_n; c, c'; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.57) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left\{ \binom{k}{2} E_D^{(n)}(a, a'; b_1, \dots, b_n; \eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right\}$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) \binom{k}{2} E_D^{(n)}(a, a'; b_1, \dots, b_n; \mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.58) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left\{ {}_{(1)}^{(k)} E_C^{(n)}(a, a'; \mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right\} \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) {}_{(1)}^{(k)} E_C^{(n)}(a, a'; \eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.59) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left\{ F_{AC}^{(n)}(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b, b_{k+1}, \dots, b_n; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right\} \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) {}^{(k)} F_{AC}^{(n)}(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b, b_{k+1}, \dots, b_n; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta$$

$$(2.60) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left\{ F_{AD}^{(n)}(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b_1, \dots, b_n; c, c_{k+1}, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right\} \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) {}^{(k)} F_{AD}^{(n)}(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b_1, \dots, b_n; c_1, c_{k+1}, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.61) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left\{ {}^{(k)} F_{BD}^{(n)}(a, a_{k+1}, \dots, a_n; b_1, \dots, b_n; \eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right\} \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) {}^{(k)} F_{BD}^{(n)}(a, a_{k+1}, \dots, a_n; b_1, \dots, b_n; \mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.62) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left\{ {}_{(1)}^{(k)} \phi_{AC}^{(n)}(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right\} \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) {}_{(1)}^{(k)} \phi_{AC}^{(n)}(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta$$

$$(2.63) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left\{ {}_{(1)}^{(k)} \phi_{AC}^{(n)}(a; \mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right\} \\ = A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) {}_{(1)}^{(k)} \phi_{AC}^{(n)}(a, \eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; c_1, \dots, c_n; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.64) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left\{ \binom{k}{i} \phi_{AD}^{(n)}(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n; c; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right\}$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) \binom{k}{i} \phi_{AD}^{(n)}(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; b_1, \dots, b_n; c; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

$$(2.65) \quad I_x^{\eta, \mu - \eta} \left\{ \binom{k}{i} \phi_{BD}^{(n)}(a; b_1, \dots, b_n; \eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x) S_n^{m_1, \dots, m_r}(y_1 x, \dots, y_r x) \right\}$$

$$= A(\phi) \frac{\Gamma(\eta + k_1 + \dots + k_r)}{\Gamma(\mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r)} x^{k_1 + \dots + k_r} B(\theta) \binom{k}{i} \phi_{BD}^{(n)}(a; b_1, \dots, b_n; \mu + k_1 + \dots + k_r; z_1 x, \dots, z_n x),$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(k_1 + \dots + k_r) > -\eta.$$

### Acknowledgement

The authors are grateful to Professor H.M. Srivastava, University of Victoria, Canada for his kind help and valuable suggestions in the preparation of this paper.

### REFERENCES

- [1] R.C.S. Chandel, On some multiple hypergeometric functions related to Lauricella's functions, *Jñānābha Sect. A* **3** (1973), 119-136. Errata and Addenda, *ibid.* **5** (1975), 177-180.
- [2] R.C.S. Chandel and A.K. Gupta, Multiple hypergeometric functions related to Lauricella's functions, *Jñānābha*, **16** (1986), 195-209.
- [3] R.C.S. Chandel and P.K. Vishwakarma, Karlsson's multiple hypergeometric function and its confluent forms, *Jñānābha*, **19** (1989), 173-185.
- [4] R.C.S. Chandel and P.K. Vishwakarma, Fractional integration and integral representation of Karlsson's multiple hypergeometric function and its confluent forms, *Jñānābha*, **20** (1990), 101-110.
- [5] R.C.S. Chandel and P.K. Vishwakarma, Fractional derivatives of confluent hypergeometric forms of Karlsson's multiple hypergeometric function  ${}^{(k)}F_{OD}^{(n)}$ , *Pure Appl. Math. Sci.*, **35**, (1992), 31-39.
- [6] R.C.S. Chandel and P.K. Vishwakarma, Fractional derivatives of the multiple hypergeometric functions of four variables, *Jñānābha*, **26** (1996), 83-86.
- [7] R.C.S. Chandel and S. Shamra, Some new hypergeometric functions and four variables II. *Bull. Vijñāna Parishad of India*, **2** (1994), 44.
- [8] R.C.S. Chandel and S. Sharma, Hypergeometric functions of four variables, *Pure Appl. Math. Sci.*, **LVIII** (1-2) (2003), 7-18.
- [9] R.C.S. Chandel and S. Sharma, Fractional derivatives of our hypergeometric functions of four variables, *Jñānābha*, **34** (2004), 113-132.
- [10] G. Lauricella, Sulle funzioni ipergeometriche a più variabili, *Rend. Circ. Mat. Palermo*, **7** (1893), 111-158.
- [11] H. Exton, Multiple Hypergeometric functions and applications, *John Wiley and Sons*, New York, 1976.

- [12] H. Exton, On two multiple hypergeometric functions related to Lauricella's  $F_D^{(n)}$ , *Jñānābha Sect. A*, 2 (1992), 59-73.
- [13] H. Exton, Certain hypergeometric functions of four variables, *Bull. Soc. Math. Grèce (N.S.)*, 14 (1973), 132-140.
- [14] H.M. Srivastava and M.C. Daoust, Certain generalized Neumann expansions associated with Kampé de Fériet function. *Nederl. Akad. Wetensch. Proc. Ser. A* 72= *Indag. Math.* 31 (1969), 449-457.
- [15] H.M. Srivastava and R. Panda, Some bilateral generating functions for a class of generalized hypergeometric polynomials, *J. Reine Angew. Math.* 283/284 (1976), 265-274.
- [16] H.M. Srivastava and S.P. Goyal, Fractional derivatives of the  $H$ -function of several variables. *J. Math. Anal. Appl.* 122 (1985), 641-651.
- [17] H.M. Srivastava, R.C.S. Chandel and P.K. Vishwakarma, Fractional derivatives of certain generalized hypergeometric functions of several variables, *J. Math. Anal. Appl.* 184 (1994), 560-572.
- [18] H.M. Srivastava and M. Garg, Some integral involving a general class of polynomials and the multivariable  $H$ -function, *Rev. Roumaine Phys.*, 32 (1987), 685-692.
- [19] M. Saigo and R.K. Raina, Fractional calculus operator associated with a general class of polynomials, *Fukuoka Univ. Sci. Reports* 18 (1988), 15-22.
- [20] M. Saigo and R.K. Raina, Fractional calculus operators associated with the  $H$ -function of several variables in : *Analysis, Geometry and Groups: A Riemann Legacy Volume*, (eds) H.M. Srivastava and Th. M. Rassias (Palm Harbor, Florida 34682-1577, USA) (Hadronic Press) ISBN 0-911767-59-2 (1993), 527-538.
- [21] P.W. Karlsson, On intermediate Lauricella functions, *Jñānābha*, 16 (1986), 211-222.